

ADRIATIC METALS PLC VARES PROJECT TRAFFIC MANAGMENT PLAN

SEPTEMBER 2021



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INTRODUCTION

1.0 Purpose and Scope

Eastern Mining d.o.o. is owned and operated by Adriatic Metals PLC and located in Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH). Eastern Mining d.o.o. is the holder of a concession for exploration and exploitation in Vares (BiH). The ultimate goal is to revive the mining industry in the municipality of Vares, by exploiting new and existing ore deposits. The project, named Vares Project is polymetallic mine, and has attracted reputable foreign investors in BiH. In many ways, this research project is unique in post-war BiH, both in terms of investment size and development potential¹.

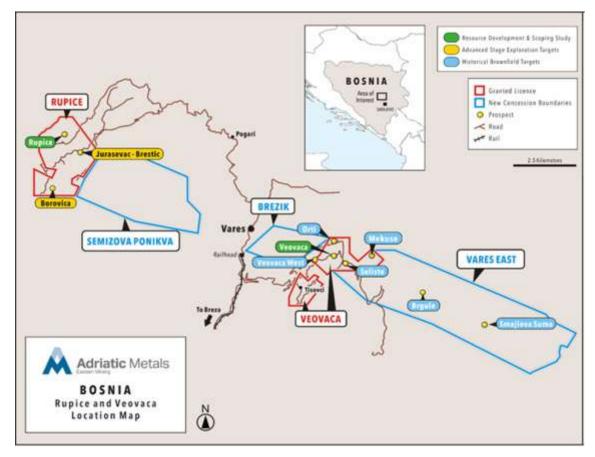


Figure 1.1. Map showing the location of the Vares Project

¹ PRELIMINARY DESIGN FOR THE ROAD FROM THE COMMUNITY "RUPICE" TO THE COMMUNITY "TISOVCI" IN LENGHT OF APPROX. 25 KM, VAREŠ



During the construction phase, the existing roads will be used initially to access the Rupice mine site and processing plant Vareš (VPP), but the works also include the upgrade of sections of the proposed haul route and the construction of new sections. Haul trucks with a carrying capacity of up to 30 tonnes will transport the ore and waste material 24.5km between the processing plant Vareš and Rupice Mine area. The route will also be used for the transport of workers, supplies such as diesel and consumables, service vehicles and maintenance equipment. The road, designed to be a gravel road with some surfaced sections, will be maintained on an ongoing basis. The road will be designed by a local engineering group and constructed and maintained by local contractors. This will include ongoing maintenance and keeping the route clear in winter conditions.

The haul route has been designed to avoid communities as far as possible, particularly in the stretch from Vareš town to Rupice. Whilst it will be a publicly accessible route, signage will be installed to advise users of the heavy vehicles using the road. The route of the road passes through the following cadastral municipalities: Borovica, Pogar, Dragovici, Vares, Mir and KO Przici. The route is divided into two sections (not contiguous), the newly designed section of the route is approx. 15.5 km and a section on existing roads of approx. 9.5 km. A certain part of the route which follows the existing roads will need to be rehabilitated and widened in order to accommodate the passage of freight trucks in both directions. The calculated speed for the newly designed road is 30 km / h.

The phases of the project will depend on the haul route for the transportation of construction materials, explosives and transport of the workforce as well operating of a multitude of heavy construction phase vehicles in a relatively short time frame. Transport of construction materials from project sites and local suppliers will take place on the existing road network, which includes gravel roads (e.g the route between Vares and Tuzla). The purpose of the Traffic Management Plan is to implement the mitigation measures identified in the impact assessment, meet the requirements of applicable legislation and standards, set roles and responsibilities, identify transport routes and implement safety measures on these routes, list measures for on-site traffic management, provide training requirements for drivers and workers and monitor compliance with the plan and outcomes arising from this.

This plan overlaps with with other management plans such as :

- Community Health and Safety Management Plan
- Emergency Preparedness and Response Plan
- Biodiversity Action Plan
- Noise Management Plan
- Air Quality Management Plan.

The Plan is in compliance with national legislation, requirements of international financing institutions (e.g. IFC Performance Standards, EBRD Performance Requirements) and other applicable Good International Industry Practices (GIIPs). This Plan is a living document and the responsibilities, procedures and compliance actions should be updated as appropriate.



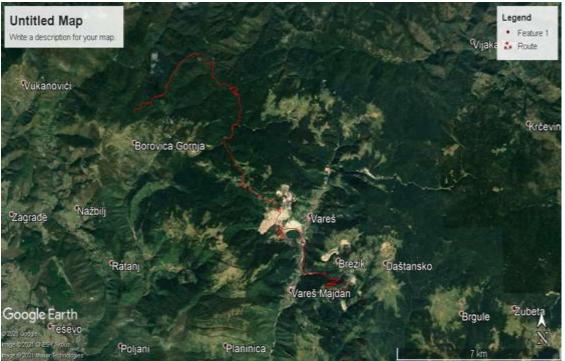


Figure 1.2. Map showing the route of Vares Project

2.0 Legislative Requirements and Standards

Eastern Mining intends to implement practices in accordance with international practices in addition to local legislation, respecting principles and policies of the European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) and International Finance Corporation (IFC).

2.1 Special permit conditions applicable to project

Special conditions from project permits (water consent, environmental permit) that will be applied to the project are:

- Roads, manipulative areas and plateaus must be adapted to the appropriate loads and protected with an adequate pavement, according to the traffic load and technical and technological requirements and conditions of the competent authorities
- Develop a Traffic Management Plan during the execution of works
- Taking traffic management measures in the areas of intersection of existing local roads
- Provide for temporary traffic signals to be placed in places according to Rulebook on traffic signs and signalization on roads, manner of marking works and obstacles on the road and signs given to traffic participants by an authorized person (Official Gazette of BiH, No. 16/07)
- ensure the safety of works as well as the movement of machinery through contractual obligations with by the contractor, with obligatory observance of the safety provisions of the Decree on the arrangement of the construction site, obligatory documentation



on the construction site and participants in the construction ("Official Gazette of the Federation" BiH, No. 48/09, 75/09 and 93/12)

• In order to reduce the risk of accidents during the execution of works, to place warning signs that limit the speed of machinery and vehicles, to prohibit unauthorized access to places of work of heavy machinery.

2.2 National Legislation

- Law on roads of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette of FBiH", No. 12/2010, 16/2010 corrigendum and 66/2013")
- Rules on special conditions for transported motor vehicles ("Official Gazette of the Federation of BiH", no. 07/07")
- Law on road transport of the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina ("Official Gazette of FBiH, No. 28/06)
- Rules on traffic signs and signalling on roads, manner marking of works and obstacles on the road and signs that participants in traffic is given by an authorized person ("Official Gazette of FBiH", No. 12/2010, 16/2010 corrigendum and 66/2013")
- Law on occupational safety ("Official Gazette of FBiH", No. 79/2020")
- Law on the transport of dangerous goods ("Official Gazette of SFRY", No. 27/90 and 45/90")

2.3 International requirements

- European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) Performance Requirement (PR) 1
- European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) Performance Requirement (PR) 3
- European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD) Performance Requirement (PR) 4
- IFC PS1: Assessment and Management of Environmental and Social Risks and Impacts,
- IFC PS3: Resource Efficiency and Pollution Prevention,
- IFC PS4: Community Health, Safety, and Security,
- IFC General EHS Guidelines: 1.1 Air Emissions and Ambient Air Quality, April 30,2007
- IFC General EHS Guidelines: 1.7 Noise, April 30,2007
- IFC General EHS Guidelines: 3. Community Health and Safety, April 30,2007



3.0 Roles and Responsibilities

Principal roles and responsibilities for the implementation of this plan are outlined below.

Table 1. Roles and Responsibilities

Roles	Responsibilities
Executive Director (Adnan Teletovic)	 Ensure adequate resources are provided for implementation of this Plan. Ensure the Plan is distributed to all relevant Contractors and subcontractors.
G&P Maintenance Coordinator (Adis Rozajac)	 Implement the traffic management plan in accordance with the developed documentation. Ensure that employees or subcontractors have the required skills and training to conduct traffic management activities. Ensure this Management Plan is complied with. Comply with all necessary requirements.
Occupational Safety Associate Operations (Melisa Ahmedovic)	Comply with the Eastern Mining Health and Safety Policies
Vehicle operators	Comply with Traffic Managment Plan
All personnel	 Participate in trainings required. Ensure self-competency in terms of implementation of this plan.



4.0 Traffic management and mitigation measures

Increased traffic volumes and presence of heavy vehicles on the roads were evaluated as a potential impact, based on planned activities. However, unplanned events such as road accidents could occur involving the transportation of construction materials and machinery on roads which will also be used by private users. Increased risks could occur on the route for extraction of materials / waste in the northern part of Vareš, at crossings and uses of the main road. Larger volumes of traffic could increase land road users' risks, resulting in:

- Unintended vehicle collisions resulting in injuries and fatalities;
- Spills of hazardous materials or hazardous waste;
- Public and private asset loss or damage;
- Collisions with local people or animals in crossing areas or in case of lack of crossing points, pavements or traffic signs.

In addition, noise and vibrations resulting from supply trucks associated with the development, in the form of traffic on public roads, may also affect ambient noise and vibration levels in the vicinity of existing receptors. Heavy plant and haul trucks will access the site via the public road traffic network, they will stay within the site area for the lifetime of the project. Any subsequent effects on ambient noise levels in the vicinity of the public road network will occur over a short period of time during the setup and decommissioning of the mine.

It is assumed that the movement of light vehicles, used for the transportation of supplies and site staff along public roads will be restricted to daytime hours for safety reasons.

Soil mounds constructed adjacent to haul roads could be located to provide additional noise attenuation between the haul trucks and the nearest community; this will be incorporated into the design of the road.

Potential air quality emissions considerations relating to traffic are categorised as:

Fugitive dust: Particulate matter generated from material transport and handling and unpaved road traffic. The erosive action of vehicle traffic on haul roads is considered to be a significant potential source of dust as the mechanical action of wheels on the road surface causes dust lying on the road surface to be thrown up and become entrained in a moving airflow. The deposition of this dust is dependent on the particle size and meteorological conditions. The erosivity of unsealed haul roads depends on the number and size of wheels, vehicle speeds and the moisture content of the surface material.

Additional dust control measures will be systematically utilised by the Project during construction and operations, as set out in the AQMP; and include:

Road control programmes – Appropriate dust suppression techniques will be undertaken, including spraying roads/vegetation with water and/or application of stabilising agents such as salt (winter), gravel, or environmentally inert chemicals, as appropriate. In addition,



adequate equipment and personnel will be supplied to maintain road surfaces to control dust on the haul and access roads;

Speed and off-road restrictions – Establishing and enforcing Project safety rules, including the posting and enforcement of speed limits on Project haul and access roads and restricting off-road travel to the maximum practical extent will limit the potential for additional fugitive dust emissions, as well as public safety hazards. Those employees whose jobs include driving as well as haulage contractors will be advised of the safety rules and that driving off established roadways is not allowed. Instruction on driving safety and observation of speed limits will be included in the new employee orientation and annual refresher training and in task training for specific job assignment.

		Mititgation measures
		Soil mounds constructed adjacent
		to haul roads will be located to
		provide additional attenuation
		between the haul trucks and the
		nearest community
		Hard surface roads will be installed
		and maintained to reduce road
		noise and dust
		Design of the haul road should
		minimise excess revving
		A speed limit should be imposed to
		minimise aerodynamic noise
		Haul routes will be well maintained
		and where steep gradients are
		required operatives will be trained
		to minimize engine noise through
		avoiding unnecessary revving etc
		Vehicle and plant start-ups will be
		sequenced to avoid simultaneous
		noise bursts
		All vehicles will be fitted with
		reversing alarms set at lowest level
		subject to health and safety
		considerations
		Perform regular inspection and
	Noise and vibrations resulting	maintenance of material handling
Impacts	from supply trucks associated with	vehicles and equipment to ensure
	the development, in the form of	that they have quality mufflers
	traffic on public roads	installed, worn parts are replaced,
		and lubricants are applied so that
		the design noise-output
		specifications continue to be met
		If possible, vehicle movements
		should be limited during the
		weekend and night time periods to
		reduce the noise impact during the
		quieter periods
		quieter perious

Table 2. Potential impacts and mitigation measures Noise and Vibration part



Enforce speed limits in relation to
road conditions and location of
sensitive receptors such as
populated areas
Maintain access road surfaces in
good repair to reduce tyre noise
Ensure continuous traffic flow to
avoid prolonged idling

Table 3. Potential impacts and mitigation measures Social Impact Assessment part

		Mititgation measures
	Public access to the construction site will be limited by a perimeter fence and security booths. Project	Implementation of the SEP and timely disclosure of traffic management plan is assumed
	vehicles will use local roads During construction activities,	All employees and contractors to be trained on appropriate use of public roads, to be covered within
	heavy vehicles and workforce commuting will use existing roads until a new road is built	the employee code of conduct and traffic management plan Implementation of the traffic
	Multi-use haul route and increased	management plan, specific training for haul route contractors to ensure
	vehicles on existing roads due to immigration	implementation of the plan, encouragement of municipality to undertake road clearance in remote
	The start of heavy vehicle use and workforce commute vehicles could have an impact of the existing road	areas (limiting public use of haul route) Contact details of
	network across the Project area. Further, immigration leading to a rise in the population will inevitably	Logistics/Transport Manager and clearly define traffic routes as agreed
	result in more passenger vehicles on roads. Increased road usage could damage existing roads, until a new road is built for the operation	The Project is to agree and communicate to all drivers speed limits in urban areas and settlements
Impacts	stage The Project has already improved local roads in the area used by the site team, notably close to the village of Pogar. The Project will also improve some existing routes, as part of the haul route development.	Notification signs shall be erected at main public areas to warn local communities about the hazards around the Project sites and transport routes, the presence of heavy vehicles, and any closure or rehabilitation of roads, including alternative routes
	There will be a combined impact from the haul fleet, staff buses and project delivery vehicles and an increased number of private cars on	Transparent and clear explanations must be provided to justify the implementation of exclusion and safety zones around the Project site and transport routes Construction road traffic of heavy
	the road, due to immigration and greater spending capacity of residents. An assessment of key junctions in the area has shown that there is capacity to handle this increase (Appendix 5.9.1.). Parking	vehicles via residential areas of Pogar, Položac, Tisovci and Semizova Ponikva must be banned between night-time hours of 10PM to 6AM which must be included in the Traffic Management Plan



spaces in the main town of Vareš	Transparent and clear explanations
are already limited and will be	must be provided to justify the
further strained throughout	implementation of exclusion and
construction and operation due to	safety zones around the Project site
increased population. The	and transport routes
implementation of the employee	Snow clearing during winter
park and ride service will assist in	months on haul route, transport
reducing parking needs within the	routes and existing public roads
town. This car park will be made	Specific training to be carried out
available to the local community,	with haulage contractors on a
assuming sufficient capacity.	regular basis
	-

Table 4. Potential impacts and mitigation measures Air Quality part

		Mititgation measures
	Fugitive dust generated by truck	Watering of unpaved haul roads
	movements	with bowsers to maintain a wet
		surface (or using salt during winter)
	Fugitive dust generated from haul	Provide and maintain sections of
	trucks on haul roads and	hard surfaced road near residential
	construction access roads	locations and near to particularly
		sensitive habitats
	The erosive action of vehicle traffic	Adequate equipment and
	on haul roads is considered to be a	personnel to maintain road
	significant potential source of dust	' surfaces to control dust on the haul
	as the mechanical action of wheels	and access roads
	on the road surface causes dust	Speed and off-road restrictions -
	lying on the road surface to be	Establishing and enforcing Project
	thrown up and become entrained	safety rules
	in a moving airflow	Restrict off-road travel unless
		absolutely necessary
	Vehicle exhaust gases (fueled by	Limit number of trips with efficient
	diesel), with emissions including	loading procedures for material
	NOx, particulates (PM10) and CO2	transport
		Apply stabilizing agents on high
		dust areas
		Top-wet truckloads of dusty
		material
		Spray water on unpaved roads and
		traffic areas
Impacts		Maintain gravel/laterite cover on
		unpaved roads and traffic areas
		Provide sections of hard surfaced
		road near residential locations and
		along the section of road
		within/near to the mountain hay
		meadow and hydrophilous tall
		herbaceous vegetation habitats Enforce speed limits for heavy
		equipment and general traffic on
		unpaved roads
		Train operators and drivers about
		maximum idling times
		maximum runny umes



Install appropriate emissions
control equipment on vehicles
Perform regular maintenance and
inspection of vehicles and mobile
equipment, including their
emissions control systems

Table 5. Potential impacts and mitigation measures Greenhouse Gases and Climate Change part

	1	
		Mititgation measures
	Vehicle exhaust gases (fueled by	Staff transport will be provided with
	diesel), with emissions including	the bus services this will reduce fuel
	NOx, particulates (PM10) and CO2	consumption
	include:	Where possible fuel efficiency will
		be a factor in the selection of
	On-road vehicles for hauling of ore	vehicles as this will not only reduce
	and barren material	emissions but also reduce
		operating costs
	Non-road vehicles for mining of ore	In addition to the efficiency of the
	_	fleet itself, opportunities will be
	Container transportation of	sought for improving the use of the
	product to the rail loadout facility	vehicles
	at Droskovac Railway Station	As the mine logistics and
		scheduling are progressed,
Impacts	Transportation of staff to site via	consideration will be given to the
	bus	optimisation of vehicle and
		equipment movements to improve
	Activities from the closure of the	efficiency and reduce overall CO2
	mine will also contribute to GHG	emissions
	emissions. These activities include	Install appropriate emissions
	the use of on-road and non-road	control equipment on vehicles
	vehicles for the removal and	Perform regular maintenance and
	dismantling of ancillary mine	inspection of vehicles and mobile
	facilities, and reclamation of the	equipment, including their
	open pits, waste facilities	emissions control systems
		cimissions control systems

Table 6. Potential impacts and mitigation measures Biodiversity part

	Mititgation measures
24.5km long haul road, 15.5km of	Vehicular access to the Project-
which will require upgrading from	affected area will be minimised. All
existing forestry tracks	workers will arrive on site via park
	and ride bus
Construction of the haul road may	Vehicle speeds on access and haul
cause a barrier effect or increase	roads will be controlled (15 km/h
collision risk to larger	on unpaved roads) to minimise
mammals/keystone predators	dust emissions and the risk of
	mortality of animals
Dust generated by truck	Instruction on driving safety and
movements and earth moving	observation of speed limits will be
(Dust deposition onto terrestrial	included in the new employee
and aquatic vegetation, reduced	orientation and annual refresher
plant productivity within the	training and in task training for
deposition zone. Suitability of	specific job assignment



	habitat for amphibians will also be reduced within the deposition	Vehicles considered to have the potential to introduce invasive
	zone)	plant species or spread existing invasive plants to areas where they
	Vehicle exhaust emissions including NOx, SOx, CO, CO2 and	do not currently occur will be washed before entering site or
	diesel particulates and dust from roads. Significant deposition and	current weed-free locations (wash water to be contained)
	associated changes in natural vegetation predicted to occur	Maintain the surface of haul roads in good condition and impose a
Impacts	within a 50 m buffer along roads	speed limit Haul routes will be well maintained
impuets	Traffic on access roads and public highways - Disturbance to animal populations and barrier effects	and where steep gradients are required operatives will be trained to minimize engine noise through
	Dust emissions - Smothering of	avoiding unnecessary revving
	vegetation, contamination by pollutants, reduced productivity	Vehicle and plant start-ups will be sequenced to avoid simultaneous noise bursts
		All vehicles will be fitted with
	Noise, light and disturbance - Hazel grouse and large mammals may be displaced as noise and disturbance	reversing alarms set at lowest level subject to health and safety considerations
	is 24-hour. Brown bear, lynx, grey wolf and wildcat likely to	Vehicle and mobile plant machinery operators and drivers
	completely avoid the area, if passing through area	will be instructed in the appropriate use of headlights (high and low
		beams) to reduce impacts

Table 7. Potential impacts and mitigation measures Soil part

		Mititgation measures
Impacts	Haul roads, transportation of ore, workers and chemicals	Previously undisturbed soils will be handled and stored with extra care as they can be reused for the
	Installation of new road. Driving width of 5 m plus an	embankments and remediation during closure
	additional 0.5 m pavement and 0.5 m embankment.	Use efficient vehicles with lower emissions
	Soil in the vicinity of the road where deposition of vehicle emissions, spillages and pollution may occur.	
	After closure the road will be left intact for transport infrastructure in the region	



5.0 Monitoring and Reporting

The implementation of the traffic management plan must be regularly monitored to ensure their ongoing effectiveness. This will include :

- Regular inspections of the route and maintenance schedules, preferably conducted by someone tasked with the responsibility for implementing actions
- Driver behaviour monitoring
- Vehicle inspections
- Review of grievances and community concerns relating to traffic
- Biodiversity monitoring especially of dust deposition on vegetation and animal sightings
- Inspections of culverts, run off and drainage ditches for sedimentation and pollution
- Regular updating of the traffic management plan
- Refresher training
- Incident investigation process, ensuring implantation of effective controls
- Regular consultation with workers on site

A sample checklist for subjects to be covered during inspections is provided in Annex 1. A vehicle tracking system will be established during the transport of the concentrate. There is currently a description of general occupational safety measures for all employees of Eastern Mining, as well as for all other subcontractors (No. 274/2021 from march 2, 2021) and there is a point regarding of proper and safe driving that includes banning alcohol and wearing a seat belt. The company is currently in the phase of preparing and drafting documents and procedures that will regulate all issues, rights, obligations and restrictions regarding safety and secure driving in compliance with all legal regulations of BiH, but also recommendations and guidelines at the international level.

6.0 Training

Required number of training programs will be provided for the all Eastern Mining employees, as well as the environmental team, and relevant subcontractors. It will be discussed for employees and subcontractors about management tools for traffic management. Materials for trainings will be created and updated by the Environment and Social team.

Regular internal inspections will be made to ensure that the mitigation measures indicated in this Plan are applied during project.



7.0 Review and Update

The results of monitoring will be reported to responsible parties to ensure that the project activities comply with the national legislation and international standards.

Depending on the monitoring results, Traffic Management Plan will be reviewed and updated when necessary.



Sample form Annex 1.

Inspection Date:

Inspection Location:

Control Measure	Compliance (Yes/No)	Comment
Is a Traffic Management Plan in place and	•	
is it regularly reviewed?		
Are traffic management rules being		
followed by all workers?		
Have sensible speed limits been		
established and are they being adhered to?		
Do all drivers check their loads before		
leaving site?		
Do all drivers respect speed limits in urban		
areas and settlements?		
Is the ban on heavy vehicles in residential		
areas of Pogar, Polozac, Tisovci and		
Semizova Ponikva between night-time		
hours of 10PM to 6AM respected?		
Do all Project vehicles is carry appropriate		
lights for night time and periods of poor		
visibility?		
Are drivers and operators trained about		
traffic safety aspects and project-specific		
traffic rules (risks on local communities,		
speed limits, work site boundaries) and		
driving skills improvement on a regular		
basis?		
Are all vehicles subject to periodic		
maintenance and inspections?		
Is dust suppression carried out as required		
without delay?		
Is dust suppression effective?		
Is hard surface roads installed in vulnerable		
part and maintained to reduce noise and		
dust?		
Are animal sightings recorded by all		
drivers?		
Are snow is clearing during winter months		
on haul route, transport routes and existing		
public roads?		
Is maintenanced of the surface of haul		
roads is performed?		
Is watering of unpaved haul roads with		
bowsers to maintain a wet surface (or using		
salt during winter) maintenanded?		
Is Speed and off-road restrictions -		
Establishing and enforcing Project safety		
rules respected?		
ls appropriate emissions control		
equipment on vehicles installed?		
Vehicular access to the Project-affected		
area will be minimised?		